

A LIVE-WIRE NEWSPAPER --- WITHOUT DOUBT THE BRIGHTEST AND BEST APPEARING COUNTRY WEEKLY PUBLISHED IN THE DOMINION OF CANADA

A "JOKER"
IN SURVEY
BOARD R'PORT

In the report of The Survey Board for Southern Alberta submitted to the Provincial Government last Monday afternoon the following paragraph occurs:

"The board makes recommendation that the government of the province of Alberta should undertake the financing of irrigation districts only in due ratio to the progress that is made towards bringing under occupancy and development the irrigable lands in the Lethbridge Northern and United irrigation districts. If the rate of progress in colonizing these lands is sufficiently promising, the financing of the South Macleod irrigation district should next be favorably considered; and following on such other districts as may present their completed case."

Just "Because"

No specific reason in support of the above recommendation is given in the Survey Board's report. Perhaps the reason may be described as "Just Because."

Personnel of Board

Charles A. Magrath... LETHBRIDGE
W. H. Fairfield... LETHBRIDGE
G. R. Marnoch... LETHBRIDGE
Judge A. A. Carpenter... EDMONTON

Apparently some of the members of the Board might be interested in Lethbridge affairs and perhaps (if such is the case) the reason of the above recommendation may be inferred to have originated from such interest and if so could hardly be said to be without prejudice—at any rate a specific citing of reason by the Board (if such citing had any support in obvious fact) would have removed a natural suspicion that interests back of the Lethbridge Northern Irrigation District were behind the recommendation.

The respective irrigation districts mentioned in the recommendation are, or will be, bonded per acre about as follows:

United	\$27.00
South Macleod	35.00
Lethbridge Northern	\$52.00
(The latter now bonded)	

To the layman mind in Macleod the "reason" figures out thus: The Lethbridge Northern with heavy bonding per acre does not in colonizing wish to compete with South Macleod with its \$17.00 per acre less bonding and consequent ability to colonize with greater ease—of course the United District having started operations could not reasonably be adversely mentioned, and it is felt here that the recommendation is a prejudiced one and has no support in fact.

Survey Board Contradictory

The following extracts from the Survey Board report are hardly in support of their recommendation:

"In the meantime practical proof has been increasingly demonstrated that irrigation farming is feasible, safe and profitable."

"New credits for further development of the tremendous natural resources, agricultural and otherwise, of this province are absolutely necessary."

Quite Likely:

"LETHBRIDGE, Feb. 7.—The policy of colonization of the Lethbridge Northern Irrigation district in the survey board report here is enthusiastically commended. It is regarded as being the crux of the whole situation as regards the future of irrigation."—Special to Calgary Herald.

It seems absurd that the Survey Board should recommend that the heaviest bonded district should have successful colonization before South Macleod's lighter bonded one should be gotten under way and especially in view of the fact that the necessities of Macleod district for irrigation are vital to the district's self support and that on its project's completion it will cease to be a burden to the province—in fact will become an asset. The holding up of South Macleod Irrigation District would be a crime and feeling runs high in Macleod and district against such a proceeding—especially in view of the fact that the Lethbridge Northern and South Macleod's districts are separated only by the Old Man River—are practically one big area covered by two districts and with necessities and conditions exactly similar and wherein a colonization scheme to be economical should cover all the area affected from one central office.

Council and Irrigation Board Protests
Macleod Town Council as well as the South Macleod Irrigation Board have already made protest in the matter by wire to the Provincial Government and therein urging the opportunity to present their views on same to the government.

It is expected that a public meeting will be arranged at Macleod at an early date at which it is hoped one or more of the cabinet ministers will be present, or failing this, a strong representative delegation from Macleod

and district will wait on the government at Edmonton to voice a vigorous protest against the recommendation as absurdly unfair and unreasonable.

CARDINAL RATTI IS NEW POPE

ROME, Feb. 6.—Cardinal Achille Ratti, archbishop of Milan, was proclaimed pope in succession to the late Benedict XV, this morning. He has taken the name of Pius XI.

An American judge has found a means of making jury duty more attractive, at least in liquor cases. The jurors are permitted to sample the evidence.

COMING EVENTS
FORESHADOWED

93RD BATTERY C.F.A. BALLOON DANCE

The 93rd Battery, C.F.A., will give a Balloon Dance on Tuesday, February 21st, in the new armory hall. The dancing floor has been enlarged 16 feet in length. This is a new feature in dances and the Battery is making every effort to make the affair a pleasant one. Be sure to keep this date open.

The members of the local lodge of I. O. O. F. announce a Grand Masquerade Ball to be given in the Veterans' Hall on the evening of February 14th. Supper will be served. Special music, 4 pieces, will be a feature of this event. Six prizes are being offered, viz., 2 best Character Costume, lady and gent; best dressed lady and gent; 2 best comic dress, lady and gent. Gentlemen \$1.00, ladies \$1.00. Costumes may be obtained at W. Whitworth's.

I. O. O. F. MASQUERADE BALL

Don't forget the I. O. O. F. Masquerade Ball to be held on Tuesday, February 14th.

The following is a list of dances to be held by the G. W. V. A. this season: Feb. 28th, March 13th, April 17th and May 24th. Keep these dates open.

IS IT POSSIBLE?

A Young Business Man bet \$10,000.00 That he could Speak the truth For 24 hours Even in Macleod. Impossible you say? The people of Macleod Will have the opportunity Of being witnesses to this Remarkable and seemingly impossible wager.

Come to the Empress Theatre and see the superb and equally supreme comedy, "Nothing But the Truth," at the Empress Theatre, produced by the Macleod Dramatic Society. You remember "Mrs. Temple's Telegram"—this production is even funnier and better.

Regular Meeting
Town Council

A meeting of the town council was held on the evening of February 6th. Present: Mayor Fawcett, Councillors Morris, McDonald, Gardiner and Thewlis.

The minutes of the last regular meeting were read and on motion were adopted as read.

Letters re Waterton Lakes reservoir from government officials, cities and towns were read.

The secretary was instructed to assess for 1922 all lots sold under agreement by the town and which agreements were cancelled by motion of the council at various times.

The Health Officer presented the following report:

"To the Mayor and Councillors of Macleod.

Health Report for January. Infectious diseases, scarlet fever—1 case. The papers report that influenza, the same as the 1918 epidemic, is again prevalent in the eastern parts of the continent. It would be advisable for the general public to take such precautions as they can to keep their homes well ventilated.

"I have the honor to be, sir, Your obedient servant,
S. J. Kirk, M.H.O."

Mayor Fawcett reported verbally regarding meeting of Finance Commission in Calgary on the 27th of January.

The Mayor and Council met the Finance Commission and representatives of bondholders informally to go into matters of the town, the meeting being held in Calgary on the 27th ult. Council then adjourned.

The Prince of Wales is exempt from income tax, but his brothers are not. Don't call him lucky until you know whether his brothers borrow from him the money to settle their.

CAPITAL GOSSIP AND
PROVINCIAL NEWS

A fine example of the spirit of thoughtfulness and sympathy with fellow beings in time of need, which is the characteristic of Western people, is found in the action of the people of the districts of Lamont and Ponoka, who recently shipped two carloads of clothing and supplies to families in the drought areas of Southern Alberta. The people of Lamont district shipped a carload of potatoes and flour, Christmas dinners for 50 families and 2,000 pounds of beef, all to the Suffield district which was distributed among nearly 200 families. They also donated a shipment of cats which were sold and the proceeds turned over to the Department of Agriculture for purchase of cat food for distribution.

The Ponoka district shipped a carload of clothing, flour, beef and vegetables and other supplies to Retlaw for distribution among nearly 200 families of that district. The Department of Agriculture provided free transportation for these supplies and will do the same in connection with any other donations which may be made by other districts.

Delegates representing the city municipalities of the province who presented requests to the government the past week for additional share of the taxes collected by the government, received considerable surprise when they were told by Premier Greenfield that according to figures which had been compiled, the rural districts were paying to the government on the basis of \$3.30 per head of population, whereas the urban municipalities were paying but \$2.23 per head. The Premier told the delegation that there would be no legislation dealing with the system of taxes at this session of the Legislature but that he proposed to call a conference within the next year of representatives of the municipalities and of the Dominion and Provincial Governments to settle the question of the different spheres of taxation to be adopted by each. Mr. Greenfield made it plain that the Supplementary Revenue Tax could not be abolished by the government at present.

A new feature has been added to the mixed-farming special train now touring the province. The Public Health Department of the government has sent Miss Emerson, child-welfare nurse of the department, to join the staff of lecturers on the train. Miss Emerson took up her duties on the train at Camrose and will continue with the train to the end of the tour. She will give lectures on child-welfare work and will also examine any children presented to her with respect to general physical condition. She will be prepared to discuss any matters of health which may be suggested by the audience on the train.

The special train has been meeting with wonderful success in Southern Alberta, having large crowds at the points south of Calgary. On February 1st the train came to Alick and this week is touching points on the Hardisty line. On February 13th the train starts on its tour of the Grande Prairie and Peace River districts.

Poultry meetings are being held by the Department of Agriculture this week at Rockyford, Munson, Craigmyle, Hanna and Richdale. Other meetings for farmers are being held at points on the Crow's Nest Pass Line between Pincher Creek on the west and Seven Persons on the east. Commencing Feb. 13th meetings will be held on the Suffield-Retlaw Line.

Amendments to The Municipal Districts Act, which will make it possible for owners of property in towns, villages and rural municipalities to vote at the annual elections without the requirement of payment of taxes, will be introduced by the Hon. R. G. Reid, Minister of Municipalities, at the present Session of the House, according to an announcement made by Mr. Reid this morning. Amendments are now being prepared to this effect.

If these amendments are approved by the House, they will take effect in time for the elections in rural municipalities on February 27th. In the case of the towns and villages, the elections have already been held, but the amendments will apply to these places for the elections next December.

Amendments are also being introduced to make provision for the swearing in of the voters' lists of those owners and others who have been omitted in the preparation of the lists. The voters' lists of the municipal districts are made up in two sections. One includes the owners of property, and the other, those who may vote by virtue of their relationship to the owners.

The owners of land are electors for all purposes, but those on the "supplementary voters' list" who are on by virtue of their relationship, may vote for councillors only and may not nominate for council.

Hitherto, those people on the supplementary list were compelled to apply for place on the list during the months of November and December, and if such application was not made, there was no other means of getting on the voters' list. The proposed legislation will make it compulsory for the secretary-treasurer of the municipality to compile the supplementary list and arrange it in alphabetical order.

In the case of the omission of the names of owners of property from the list, provision is to be made whereby, by such owner, aside from the present necessity of giving seven days' notice in writing to the secretary, may also swear on their names on election day by taking oath that they were the owners of the property and so assessed on certain dates. Similar provisions are also being made for omissions in the case of those entitled to be on the supplementary list of voters.

Livestock shippers in the province who believe that they have been overcharged by railway companies, in respect to shipments made to U. S. points, owing to the difference in exchange, have a right to bring action in the proper courts, according to a decision made recently by the Dominion Railway Commission. This decision was rendered in the case of J. M. Dillon, of Cayley, who made shipments of livestock to Chicago. Mr. Dillon made his shipment before the issuance of the Board's order regulating the matter of collection of the difference in exchange with respect to that part of the journey lying on the Canadian side. It was Mr. Dillon's contention that the railway company charged him for freight, feed, etc., the full amount in American funds whereas, allowance should have been made for the Canadian end of the journey, for which charge should have been made on the basis of Canadian funds. The amount involved was \$663.30. The Railway Commission held it had no jurisdiction but that it was open to Mr. Dillon, without interference from the Railway Commission to enter action in the courts.

Hon. J. R. Boyle, Attorney General of the province in the former Stewart administration, has been selected as leader of the Liberal Opposition in the Legislature for the present session only. The Opposition members made this selection at a meeting held Thursday morning prior to the opening of the House.

The provincial cabinet is at present considering the advisability of establishing an agricultural college which will absorb the present faculty of agriculture at the Alberta University and will have a distinct building on the University grounds. No decision has been reached in the matter as yet, but it is the view of Hon. Geo. Hoagley, Minister of Agriculture, that agricultural education should be established as a distinct system apart from the general educational system of the province, so that there would be a direct connection from the agricultural college right down through the agricultural schools, the demonstration farms and the proposed system of country agents, to the man on the farm. It is not the intention that the agricultural college should be entirely divorced from the University since the examinations will be set by the University and all lectures aside from those on agriculture, would be delivered by University professors. Mr. Hoagley has advocated this system to the other members of the cabinet and it is now under consideration.

No undue alarm need be felt by the people of the province regarding the reported development of an epidemic of Influenza in Eastern Canada, states Dr. Laidlaw, Deputy Minister of Health for the province. So far only one case of Influenza has been reported in Alberta and there is no indication that the disease will develop to the extent of the epidemic of a few years ago or that it will prove nearly as fatal. At the same time, Dr. Laidlaw issues a general warning to the people to stay away from crowds as much as possible, since the infection is direct from person to person by coughing or sneezing. He advises the people to keep in as good a physical condition as possible and if feeling ill to go to bed and call in a doctor.

The resolutions passed at the Annual Convention of the U.F.A. in Calgary this year, effecting provincial government matters, will not be presented by the usual delegation as in past years, but will merely be forwarded to the provincial government for its attention.

The 22nd annual auction sale and show of pure bred bulls will be held in Calgary April 4, 5, 6 and 7 this year. The Alberta spring horse show will be held at the same time.

Extension of the provincial hospital system as a means of supplying medical aid to the residents of outlying and distressed areas, was urged upon the Minister of Health, Hon. Mr. Reid, by the executive of the Alberta Medical Association the past week. Mr. Reid told the executive that while finances would not permit the too rapid building of hospitals in the outlying areas, yet the government was doing everything possible in this regard. The executive also discussed with the minister, the question of having the Workmen's Compensation Act extended to provide medical services for sickness as well as in cases of accident. There is a growing sentiment in the Alberta Medical Association in favor of such extension of the act.

An important reorganization of the Hospitals Branch of the Provincial Health Department whereby the department will proceed to the exercise of powers under The Hospital Ordinance of the province which have hitherto been exercised by the department, was announced yesterday afternoon by Hon. R. G. Reid, Minister of Health and Municipalities.

By virtue of this reorganization Arthur K. Whistler, who since May, 1918, has been secretary of the municipal hospitals branch and has played a large part in the organization of municipal hospitals in the province, will assume a new position, that of supervisor of organization of all hospitals in the province, municipal and otherwise, under powers which exist in The Hospitals Ordinance. Mr. Whistler will be in charge of the supervision of the business organization of all hospitals. This will lead eventually to the appointment also of a medical supervisor of all hospitals for the provincial government.

In this way, it will be possible for the government in future to lend assistance to many hospitals in the province in the organization of these institutions on a business basis, whereby cost of operation may be cut down. In the past year several requests have come to the Department of Health for such assistance, and Mr. Whistler has been engaged in such work for the past few months.

In this way, also, the department will be able to exercise a greater supervision over the organization of hospitals to which the government is paying grant. In addition to these new features of hospital work, Mr. Whistler will continue to have charge of the organization of Municipal Hospital Districts, under the government's municipal hospital scheme, as heretofore.

The officers of the Ardenville U. F. A. journeyed to Eweline on Friday last to hold the regular meeting, a fair number turning out. It has been decided to hold alternate meetings at Eweline and Ardenville.

Mr. and Mrs. Carruthers and family are back on their farm after spending the past few months in Manitoba.

Mrs. Staley of Cardston (daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Baily of Eweline, has recently undergone an operation for appendicitis, at Lethbridge.

Our neighbors at Spring Ridge are applying for a rural mail service. Speaking of mail, we feel we ought to mention the fact that since Mr. Wood has carried the mail between Eweline and Macleod, the service has been A1.

The Indian National Congress decided recently to declare a Republic of India, but left issuance of the formal declaration to Gandhi. As Gandhi is a non-violence agitator, the organizing of a rebellion may be postponed for a long time. In the case of the natives of India, a little learning is a dangerous thing.

The young people of Waterton are busy practicing for a concert to be given in the school house in the latter

part of February. Watch for further announcement.

Mr. Maloney and Mr. Killoran represented Waterton Local at the Annual Convention of the United Farmers of Alberta and will give a full report at the next regular meeting, March 1st. The attendance of members and others is requested.

There will be a house party given at Mr. P. Sparling's ranch on Friday evening, February 17. Friends and acquaintances are invited.

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RED CROSS NOTES.

Attended by many delegates from all over the province the Annual Convention of the Alberta Division, Canadian Red Cross Society, met in Calgary on January 31st and February 1st. Open sessions of the Convention were held on the afternoon and evening of January 31st, and a general business session followed on the morning of February 1st. One of the chief topics of discussion was the clothing relief work which the Society is carrying on in the many districts of the Province where this help is urgently needed.

The officers of the Society told of the scope of this work and that the applications for relief continued to pour into their head office in Calgary. They explained that they had taken over the relief at the request of the Government. Premier Greenfield sponsored their call for donations to the fund to enable them to continue their task.

Donations to this fund should be sent to the nearest Red Cross unit, or the Provincial Headquarters, O'Sullivan Block, Calgary. The Society acknowledges the following:

Previously acknowledged...	\$1120.25
Mrs. Isabel Perry, Lethbridge...	5.00
Millerville Whist Drive per Mrs. Phillips	11.15
Patricia W.M.E., North Edmonton	5.00
John Collison, Red Deer	5.00
Okotoks Country Club	29.00
Total to date,	\$1176.49

Dept. of Agriculture
Experts Address
Macleod Farmers

Two government lecturers arrived in town on Tuesday to enlighten farmers on questions of interest. They were Mr. Leavitt, of Glenwood, and Professor James Murray, of the Noble Foundation. For some reason the meeting had practically received no advertising, and consequently only a very few farmers were on hand to meet the visitors, which is a great pity, as the information given was of a most interesting and valuable nature. Mr. Leavitt spoke on the growing of feed, and pit silos and how to build them, at an outlay almost nothing, by being pits in the earth not requiring any expenditure whatsoever for planking or other material, the only outlay being the labor of the farmer building them.

Professor Murray spoke on soil and soil culture, which proved to be a most interesting theme. We would point out to the department responsible for these men's labors on behalf of the farming element that in order to bring those most interested together the proposed meetings must be advertised beforehand and advertised fully.

A meeting of the members of the Macleod U.F.A. local was held last Saturday in the office of the South Macleod Irrigation Company, with President J. Horner in the chair. It had been expected the president, who attended the U.F.A. Convention as delegate, would present his report, but owing to the very slim attendance it was decided to hold it over until the next regular meeting. The meetings of the local U.F.A. will be held from now on the last Saturday of each month instead of the first Saturday as heretofore.

Mr. Owens, a gentleman from the north, addressed the meeting on "Banking and Its Evils," a subject he has studied since he was 10 years old. He is now nearing the 90th milestone on life's pathway and certainly is wonderfully well informed on the subject nearest his heart. He would like to see the government turn down the great banking institutions when they apply for a renewal of their charters which will be in a year from now. Every ten years the charters under which they work are renewed by the government. He doubts whether the members of the present government are sufficiently posted in banking matters to be able to draft a bill to be placed before the House bringing about a change in the present system of banking. He believes the government should handle the financial affairs of Canada, supplying the wherewithal to those in need of it at cost, and showed how this could be done. He illustrated how \$100 borrowed by a needy farmer to buy a horse, moved about, being deposited and withdrawn from the bank time after time, each transaction bearing 8 per cent. interest. Banks at the present time are calling in the money from circulation and this is the cause of the present hard times everywhere. The war debts of the world, he claimed, would never be paid, there not being a sufficient supply of gold in the world to pay them, the paper money issued by the banks having no value, being only a promise to pay. People were under the impression that the government guaranteed the paper money issued by chartered banks. This was

not the case. As a matter of fact only 5 per cent. of the paper money put in circulation was deposited with the government as a guarantee by banks seeking charters. Mr. Owens left for the north on Sunday.

METHODIST CHURCH
(Rev. G. D. Armstrong, B.A., Pastor.)
Boys' Work Sunday will be observed on Sunday, February 12th. Mr. Armstrong will give an address of special interest to boys at the morning service, subject: "Four-fold Preparation for Life"; Evening subject: "Men Wanted." Visitors will be cordially welcomed.

The house adjourned until Monday afternoon, February 6th, when J. R. Boyle, leader of the opposition, took up the debate.

The opening of the new legislature took place on Thursday afternoon, February 2nd, in the presence of the largest and probably the most democratic crowd that ever attended such a function. The election of a speaker was featured by a rather unusual occurrence, after Premier Greenfield had moved the nomination of O. L. McPherson for this position. Alex. Moore, of Cochrane placed General J. S. Stewart of Lethbridge, in nomination. General Stewart is the only Conservative member in the house. This is the first instance in which a second nomination for the speaker's selection has been made in the Alberta Legislature. Had a division occurred, it would have established a precedent, but General Stewart withdrew, and Mr. McPherson, who represents Little Bow, was elected by acclamation. He made the usual speech of thanks.

Lieut.-Governor Brett then formally opened the session with the speech from the throne. The speech expressed confidence in the ultimate return to normal conditions in the province, referred to action taken by the government to deal with the economic situation, with respect not only to temporary relief, but also to a permanent solution, made reference to the survey board of Southern Alberta, and also forecasted legislation with respect to the highways commission establishment of government labor bureau branch, to supervise wage conditions in the province, and other legislation with respect to public health and education.

The house resumed on Friday afternoon when Donald Cameron member for Innisfail, and J. R. Love, member for Wainwright, the youngest member in the house, moved the reply to the speech from the throne. Both men made a favorable impression on the occasion of their first speeches in the new legislature. Mr. Cameron referred to his district, Innisfail, as one which never had a crop failure. He referred briefly to Premier Greenfield's benevolence, and he congratulated the house on its choice of speaker, and urged the members to give him co-operation. He congratulated the government on what it had done to relieve unemployment, and regretted the extent of this, in view of the existence of such potential wealth in Alberta. He urged the importance of maintaining the splendid financial credit of the province, and was glad to see the government dealing with the question of marketing and freight rates. He urged further action on the natural resources question and congratulated the minister of agriculture on securing a book on this subject, one which should be put in the hands of every voter. Referring to education, Mr. Cameron took occasion to say that he believed 25 per cent. of the trustees in Alberta were a greater hindrance to education than a help, but that the other 75 per cent were giving fairly good service. Mr. Cameron said he agreed with Premier Greenfield that settlers now in the country should be made happy and contented before much more immigration was encouraged.

J. R. Love made an eloquent address dwelling particularly on the urgent need of the province getting its natural resources. He said the legislature would feel the loss of the presence of Hon. Chas. Stewart but felt that Mr. Stewart could give fine service in his wider field, and that he would be of great assistance in helping the province get its resources. He referred to the great resources of the country, particularly the undeveloped resources of the north country. Speaking of the highways commission, he hoped that all phases of patronage would be eliminated from the road building program, and that the government would have competent advice in this matter. He urged the importance also of continuing to keep the educational system on its present high plane in the province, and that the moral and physical development of the children should not be overlooked. He referred to the need of high schools in the rural parts, and urged that the educational tax system should be put on a provincial basis.

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REDMAC

REDMAC Has Become a Household Name---

You cannot go out to spend the evening without hearing the name REDMAC. People of society and those of humble life are to-day placed on the same plane, they are both human, both subject to the ills of life, Redmac heals them alike, and at the same price. No man or woman is too poor or too wealthy for Redmac.

SOLD BY FERGUSON'S DRUG STORE.

THE EMPRESS THEATRE CURRENT ATTRACTIONS

LILA LEE REID'S NEW LEADING WOMAN

One of the most charming figures in the new Paramount picture, "The Charm School" starring Wallace Reid, which will be shown at the Empress Theatre next Friday and Saturday, is Lila Lee, who plays the leading feminine role opposite Mr. Reid.

Miss Lee will be remembered as having played with Mr. Reid in "Hawthorne of the U.S.A." Since her remarkable work in such famous pictures as C. B. De Mille's "Male and Female" in which she played the little scullery maid, and later in William De Mille's production "The Prince Chap," the popularity of the little actress has increased by leaps and bounds.

In this picture, she is the principal charmer of the charm school and is

the other party to the romance which blossoms when Wallace Reid, as Austin Bevens, inherits a girls' school from his aunt and converts it into an institution where young ladies are taught how to be charming, graceful and lovely.

The supporting cast includes many popular players and fifty beautiful young girls who appear as the pupils of the young ladies' school. C. E. Schoenbaum did the camera work.

FANS HAVE TREAT IN "STING OF THE LASH"

Pauline Frederick's new starring vehicle "The Sting of the Lash," produced by R-C Pictures Corporation, is a ninety-five-minute drama with a vigorous punch in every reel and local film devotees are promised a treat

when it is screened at the Empress Theatre next Monday and Tuesday.

It is a story wherein the true nobility of womanhood is depicted and in its development every shade of human emotion is touched upon. Pauline Frederick as the wife whose undying devotion to her husband is the keynote of the story paints a portrait that is dominant and unforgettable.

Not only is "The Sting of the Lash" interesting because of its engrossing story but because the atmosphere with which it is invested teems with the spirit of the open country. Many of the scenes are "shots" taken in the High Sierras, affording many beautiful backgrounds.

But it is the story itself that commands attention. Miss Frederick as the wife appears first in the part of a smart society woman surrounded by wealth. Then the scene shifts abruptly to the West. Her fortunes change. She is married and her husband is a shiftless good-for-nothing. Yet her undying devotion to him keeps her from fleeing their home. She goes down into the depths with him, fighting every step of the way to reclaim him but the fates are against her—temporarily.

She tolerates all his neglect and mistreatment until he strikes his little sister who lives with the couple. The sight of this attack lights all the fury in the torn and twisted heart of the loving wife. Her rage knows no bounds. She seizes a pistol and backs the husband against the wall in their rude log cabin. Then she makes the sister tie his hands with rope and the line is thrown over a beam in the ceiling. Keeping the cowering man covered with the gun the wife slowly hauls him up by the wrists until his toes are off the floor and he is helpless. Then she takes a whip—a mule skinner's whip—and lashes him with might and main until "big red welts" appear across his back and shoulders and he is beaten to the point of exhaustion. She then cuts him down and, womanlike, is remorseful. She bathes the wounds that mark his neck and shoulders.

This marks the big climax of the play but many complications follow and interest is well sustained until the end when smiles of happiness creep through the haze of tears.

A splendid cast supports Miss Frederick. Clyde Fillmore, well known on the stage and screen, interprets the role of the husband with great skill while Edwin Stevens, Lionel Belmore, Lawson Butt, Jack Richardson, Evelyn McCoy and others also appear.

WALLACE REID A TEACHER OF CHARM!

Wallace Reid has become a teacher of charm in a young ladies school! The pupils are taught how to make themselves charming, the course comprising lessons in Grecian and modern dancing, swimming, d'elarte and beauty culture.

But before Mr. Reid is swamped with letters of inquiry from admiring screen fans, it should be said that this is only a part of the star's latest Paramount picture, "The Charm School" which will be shown at the Empress Theatre next Friday and Saturday.

According to the story, Mr. Reid, as Austin Bevens, inherits the girls' school from his aunt. Believing that women should devote more time to making themselves charming he converts the institution into a "charm" school and changes all the methods of instruction. There is a wealth of romance, a breezy plot and many other delightful features.

The story was written by Alice Duer Miller. Tom Geraghty wrote the scenario and James Cruze directed. Lila Lee is leading woman and Adele Farrington, Beulah Bains, Edwin Stevens, Grace Morse, Patricia Magee, Lincoln Stedman, Kate Toneray and others are in the cast.

THRILLS ARE PROMISED IN NEW GEORGE WALSH PLAY

"Dynamite Allen," starring the well-known and popular George Walsh in his latest William Fox production, will be shown at the Empress Theatre on Wednesday and Thursday. Plenty of thrills are promised.

The story, written especially for George Walsh by Thomas F. Fallon deals with life in the mining regions of Pennsylvania. It is a very dramatic tale, in which the hero struggles against overwhelming odds to prove the innocence of his father; falsely imprisoned for murder. He is compelled to go through a series of experiences of the most thrilling nature. His home is burned by his enemies. He is imprisoned at the bottom of a mine, which is slowly flooded. He drives a locomotive at terrific speed to an open bridge and plunges with it to the river below.

In the supporting cast are Edna Murphy and Dorothy Allen—both pleasantly remembered for their excellent work in the big Fox special "Over the Hill"—Byron Douglas, and J. Thornton Baston.

"Dynamite Allen" was directed by Dell Henderson, one of the leading megaphone wielders.

Inquiring About Irrigated Lands

Southern Alberta irrigated lands are becoming known through the western states, according to a letter received today from Colin G. Groff, publicity commissioner for the province, by the Board of Trade here. Mr. Groff asked for a supply of literature on irrigated lands, prices, terms, descriptions, and other data, in the Lethbridge district. "Inquiries have started to come into our office," he wrote.

Secretary Rose also found in his mail this morning an inquiry from a home-seeker in Yellow Springs, Ohio. He thinks he would like to secure an irrigated farm here. Another inquiry came in regarding industrial activity in the city. And still another asked for information about seed corn grown here last year. This letter came from a Glasgrov, Montana, farmer, who thought that if he could get some corn matured this far north, it would surely prosper in his part of the neighboring state.—Lethbridge Herald.

For The Children

FURS, FEATHERS AND FINS.
(By Bertha E. Green.)

DOCTOR DORMOUSE AND HIS PATIENTS.

Flitter the Bat.

After Dick and Doctor Dormouse left Blinker the mole, they walked around through abrupt bends in the forest path. It was quite dark and shadowy underneath the wide branches of the large trees, and quieter too, for most of the birds were out in the sunny spots.

Doctor Dormouse stopped in front of an immense beech-tree, and motioned to Dick to stand beside him. "Now knock at the door," said the Doctor.

"I do not see any door to knock at," said Dick.

"It is right in front of you," said the Doctor. "Rap on the bark of the tree and see what happens."

Dick rapped on the tree, and a round loose piece of bark swung sideways, uncovering a hole. Dick could see that the tree was hollow, and knew at once that there was someone inside, for a squeaky voice called out crossly: "Pull down the blinds."

Doctor Dormouse called at once to Dick, "Put me on your shoulder, so that I may talk to the old snorer." Dick picked up the Dormouse, sat-chel, silk hat, and all, and placed him carefully on his own shoulder.

"What's the matter, Flitter?" asked the Doctor.

"Water on the brain," said the old squeaky voice from inside the tree. Dick peered into the shadowy hollow and saw a mouse-like body, its back covered in loose, dark, leathery folds running lengthwise. Dark-gray fur, and a sharp-eared head like a mouse, made up the picture of the strange animal. The strangest part of all was that it was hanging to the rough inside of the tree by its toes.

The Dormouse was laughing, as he said, "There can't be much the matter with Flitter the bat then."

"But I have water on the brain," squeaked the bat, "I was out flying all last night, and got both ears full of rain."

"Is that the reason you're hanging upside down—so the rain run out of your ears?" queried Dick.

"No," whispered the Dormouse in Dick's ear, "Flitter always goes to sleep hanging by his toes."

The bat started to speak again, but old Doctor Dormouse cut him short, saying: "Not another word, perfect quiet and you'll be all right. The most important thing is that my fee will be two glow-worms."

But Flitter the bat had only one glow-worm, which he gave to the Doctor, together with three fat moths and one pink lady-bug. The Doctor put them all away in his satchel, and, as Dick placed him on the ground again, the Dormouse said:—"You will have to carry me up-stairs to see my next patient."

Dick and the Dormouse walked quite

Helping The Mother

(By Loretto C. Lynch.)

Having done social service work for a long time, and because of it having had an opportunity to study homes at close range, I have come to the conclusion that the most thoroughly neglected members of our social fabric are mothers. This is especially true among our middle class folks rather than our really poor.

I am writing about this because of a letter from a group of earnest women who have been keeping house on the co-operative plan, and have found that they have so much leisure time that they "want to do something for the less fortunate woman who has not as yet learned to solve her own house-keeping problem."

It is my observation that the average middle class mother, with one or two or more kiddies, neglect her personal appearance. She fails to recognize the importance of recreation and she gradually develops "nerves." Then housework and the things that go toward the making of a home—instead of being a real joy—bores her almost to death. The results of this state of mind supply oceans of situations for dramatization by the makers of stories.

Just here is where the group of women who wrote me may do a real service. What I suggest is not new or it is theoretical. It worked beautifully in a little town in the far West where the State itself is interested in mother conservation. The women may establish a headquarters. It may be at some one's home or it may be a room at the library.

In the West the town that tried this was a very small one, in which about one-half the women were very rich, while the other half were of the great middle class. The rich women were not a bit selfish, for each had gone all through the stages before she got to the top of the financial ladder.

The rich social workers inserted an advt. in the local paper which ran something like this: "Are you a tired mother? Would you, too, like a day off, or perhaps an hour? We will call and mind your kiddies or do any other household work within reason for a sum ranging from five cents an hour up."

The telephone number and the address were given. Each of the social workers gave just one-half a day a week to this work. But the results were most gratifying. Sometimes a mother sent in a call for the social worker to "come over and mind my child, before I go crazy."

The soothing effect of a kindly stranger upon a cranky child is well known. Then the social worker would suggest that the young mother take a nice warm bath and "primp up" like she used to and go for a dip or to see her screen favorite. After two or three hours the mother would return, quite a different person.

Because a little fee was charged the mothers felt much more free to call upon the social service bureau.

Personally I feel that much good effort is wasted upon the very poor woman who is poor because she is too lazy and indifferent to help herself. But in the case of the middle class mother, the ladies who wrote me may find their services of some lasting benefit.

SALVATION ARMY NOTES

The special meetings conducted by Adj. Hardy and Envoy Frayne, the Red Hat Revivalists at the Salvation Army, is meeting with marked success. It is quite apparent that a revival is going on by the interest in the street meetings. The open air attendance has increased until now a real army is on the street every night. Many have been won to the cross. Some remarkable cases of conversion, whole families outside being brought in sometimes; brought about by the conversion of a child.

The meetings are taking a new phase on the street, all over the town are scattered meetings.

In the meeting in the Oddfellows' Hall last Sunday night a number of bright, hearty testimonies were given by young and old, to what God had done for them. The hall was crowded. Next Sunday night will be the farewell of Adj. Hardy and Envoy Frayne. They go from here to Hanna Sask. The Oddfellows' Hall has again been secured for Sunday night for the

a way along the path which led up and over a little hill. Halfway up the slope, the Dormouse asked Dick to carry him, as he was getting out of breath.

To be continued.



"DYNAMITE ALLEN"
WILLIAM FOX PRODUCTION
EMPRESS WED. AND THURS.

farewell meeting. Adj. Hardy will speak from the subject: "The Great Assizes."

THE GODS AND US.

The Gods of high Olympus,
They feel not heat nor cold,
They never quake with stomach-ache,
Or fears of growing old.
Life's burden that redoubles
Bends not their marble backs—
They have no labor troubles,
They have no income tax!

The gods of high Olympus
Are served with nectar rare;
From golden cups they lap it up,
And that's their daily fare.
What care they for the mortal
Who robs his slender pouch
To buy one feeble chortle,
One shot of moonshine hooch?

The gods of high Olympus
On Venus feast their eyes;
She moves among them ever young,
And Cupid never dies;
They turn no glances hither,
That have decreed, alas,
The smoothest cheek to wither,

The sweetest love to pass!
The gods of high Olympus
May have their endless loaf—
I count old Jove a witless cove,
And Phoebus but an oaf
Joys stale, how'er we heard 'em,
But we can slip away—
While gods must live in boredom
Forever and a day!

—Ted Robinson in Cleveland Plaindealer.

Perhaps those violent moves made by all the seismographs in the world the other day merely indicated that the ground hog was waking up and rolling over.

Go To The COSY CORNER for China, Fancy Goods Tobacco and Cigars

Z. LaFRANCE
is now taking orders for the
Lethbridge Steam Laundry
Parcels called for and delivered—Try our dry cleaning department.
PRICES RIGHT
Leave orders at G. H. Scougall's or Phone 205.

The City Repair Shop

PLUMBING, GAS FITTING AND
REPAIR WORK OF ALL KINDS
Sewing Machine and Gramophone Repairing our Specialty
GIVE US A TRIAL—SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
Cor. 3rd Ave. and 24th Street, Billy Hoodless' Old Stand.
L. COUILLARD.

USE Carnol
The Best Tonic.
R. D. McNay

The City Transfer

DRAYING BY THE HOUR, DAY OR JOB
Team work of all kinds—nothing too small or too big for us to handle. If you want hay come and see us—We handle nothing but the best Blue Joint, Timothy and Alfalfa. Try our Alfalfa Meal for chickens. LEAVE ORDERS AT G. H. SCUGALL'S OR PHONE 205.

Service Garage LET US FIX YOUR RADIATOR

If your radiator leaks bring it in to us and let us examine it and give you a price on repairing it.

WE HAVE INSTALLED THE LATEST TYPE OF RADIATOR REPAIR OUTFIT AND ARE PREPARED TO MAKE OLD AND FROZEN RADIATORS AS GOOD AS NEW AT VERY REASONABLE PRICES.

NO NEED TO SPEND MONEY ON RADIATOR DOPE, NO CUTTING OFF OF TUBES OR REMOVING FINS, NO DE-FACING IN ANY WAY. PERMANENT REPAIR, PRICES REASONABLE, WORK GUARANTEED—CALL and SEE US. OTHER REPAIR WORK AS USUAL.

Accessories and Supplies for Your Car
Free Storage Until 12 O'clock at Night

Cockshutt Farm Machinery
LOOK OVER YOUR MACHINE AND GET YOUR REPAIRS EARLY

DILATUSH & McPHERSON

THE FAILURE OF THE INDIVIDUAL

The present times of stress and failure have emphasized the fact that frequently the judgment of even the usually successful individual may be faulty, resulting in financial losses to all concerned. It is most necessary to keep this tendency in mind when appointing an Executor or Trustee.

The Trusts and Guarantee Company, Limited, offers you advantages of financial strength, responsibility, long experience and continuity of existence which no individual can possibly duplicate, and for no greater fee.

This Company acts as Executor, Administrator, Trustee, Agent, Authorized Trustee in Bankruptcy, Liquidator, Etc., Etc. ENQUIRIES INVITED.

THE TRUSTS and GUARANTEE COMPANY, LIMITED
220—Eighth Ave. West—Calgary, Alberta



R-C PICTURES CORPORATION
Presents
Pauline Frederick
in
"THE STING OF THE LASH"
A Soul Reclaimed—
A story of undying love
Directed by Henry King

EMPRESS MON. AND TUES.

BRINGING UP FATHER

By G. McManus



PREMIER WIRES ASSURANCES

In answer to wire sent to W. H. Shield, M.L.A., protesting against Survey Board recommendations re South Macleod Irrigation Project as appearing on front page of this paper, and by Mr. Shield turned over to Premier Greenfield, the following answer was received via wire from the premier today:

"Edmonton, Feb. 10-22.
"A. R. McFadden, Macleod, Alta.
"Replying to your wire of 8th to W. H. Shield, M.L.A., rest assured that interests of South Macleod District will be carefully guarded by the Government.

H. GREENFIELD.
A similar message was wired to Mayor Fawcett in answer to his wire.

DON'T DO THIS!



LEONARD EAR OIL

RELIEVES DEAFNESS and STOPS HEAD NOISES. Simply Rub it Back of the Ears and Insert in Nostrils. Proof of success will be given by the druggist.

MADE IN CANADA
L. O. LEONARD CO., Sales Agents, Toronto
A. O. LEONARD, Inc., 70 5th Ave., N. Y. City
"You cannot afford to be deaf!"

For Sale in Macleod by A. D. Ferguson

DEATH OF MRS. RANDS

The death of Mrs. Sarah Ann Rands occurred on Thursday, February 2nd, at the extreme old age of 82 years and 4 months. The funeral took place from the ranch home of her son, Mr. Harry Rands, on Sunday afternoon, and was attended by many sympathizing friends of the family. Heart trouble, from which the deceased had been troubled for many years, was mainly the cause of death and was brought about by the shock caused by the death of her husband. The morning her funeral was held she was overcome and became unconscious death resulting on Thursday evening. The aged couple had recently celebrated the 63rd anniversary of their marriage. A son, Samuel, a resident of Portage la Prairie, came up for the funeral.

NOTICE — SOUTH MACLEOD IRRIGATION DISTRICT

NOTICE is hereby given that the Board has received petitions under the provisions of the Irrigation Districts Act, 1920, to change the content of the South Macleod Irrigation District by excluding therefrom the following land:

PARCEL	Twp.	Rge.	M.
The north-west quarter of Section 31	5	26	West 4
The south-west quarter of Section 3	6	26	West 4
All of Section 11 situated on the left bank of the Waterton River	6	26	West 4
All of Section 13 situated on the left bank of the Waterton River	6	26	West 4
All of Section 14	6	26	West 4
All of Section 23	6	26	West 4
All of Section 24	6	26	West 4
The south-west quarter of Section 30	7	24	West 4
The north-east quarter of Section 25	7	25	West 4
All of Section 3	8	25	West 4
The north-east quarter of Section 8	8	25	West 4
All of Section 15	8	25	West 4
The north-west quarter of Section 16	8	25	West 4
The north-west quarter of Section 17 situated east of the Stand Off Trail and south of 6-mile Coulee (so called)	8	25	West 4
The south-west quarter of Section 17 situated east of the Stand Off Trail	8	25	West 4
The south half of Section 19	8	25	West 4
South half and north-west quarter of Section 22	8	25	West 4
All of Section 28	8	25	West 4
The north-east quarter of section 28	8	26	West 4
The south-west quarter of Section 33	8	24	West 4
The south-west quarter of Section 8	9	25	West 4

The Board will receive written protests on or before March 4, 1922, from parties interested who wish to show cause why such change of content should not be made.

SOUTH MACLEOD IRRIGATION DISTRICT.
R. T. McNICOL, Chairman.
A. R. McFADDEN, Secretary.



OUR MESSAGE TO YOU

is that you need not worry over the high price of shoes. Just hunt through closet or wardrobe and bring out the old shoes you find there. Send them to us and with our modern machines we'll restore them to active service, thus avoiding the necessity of buying new footwear. Worth a trial, anyway, isn't it?

J. A. LEMIRE
Shoe Repairer — Macleod

Orange, Lemon & Lime Crush

The Biggest Selling Soft Drinks In America Today.



FREE "HOOTCH"

A Sparkling Stimulant, Full of Wit and Humor. Free copy will be sent upon receipt of your name with address complete. Write to G. Mitchell, 397 Pearl Street, Brooklyn, N.Y.

cellent judge of comeliness, admired. In one of his letters to her that he wrote in the heyday of success he said that "it was a comfort to me to 'recollect that I had once been clothed from head to foot in woolen and linen of my wife's manufacture, and that I was never prouder of any dress in my life.'"

He Was No Model.

As a model of conduct and as a social philosopher Franklin was not perfect—perhaps it is only as a patron of thrift that he deserves a large following. There was really little of the saint in him. He was indulgent to sinners, being one himself. But he knew the value of money, and how to save it to get on in the world, as few men have done. At 15 he tried vegetarianism—living on a few cents a day. He thrived on it and with his savings purchased books. When stranded as a boy in London, through the treachery of Governor Keith, he found work in a printing office, where everybody guzzled beer but himself. Franklin drank water because it cost nothing. Yet he was never a teetotaler. In prosperous times he drank what his taste called for without stint. Washington, he canonized, consumed from half a pint to a pint of Madeira a day, besides punch and beer. Franklin sometimes drank as much, but for that age he was a temperate man. It is very easy to misunderstand the thrift of Franklin—it was a means to an end.

Somewhat of a Spencer.

There is the story of the clergyman's daughter who, during his exile as a youth in London, boarded him for one and six a week to get the benefit of his conversation. He had previously agreed to pay two shillings elsewhere: "So the future economist of two continents enlarged his knowledge" (she was a cultivated woman) "and at the same time reduced his board to 37 cents a week." An enemy of Franklin's, such as William Cobbett, was, would have denounced him as a sponger. It is not to be supposed that Franklin, who was one of the most human of men, lived up to that moral code he framed for himself in his early twenties, but he did practice the precept of rule 5: "Make no expense but to do good to others, or yourself—waste nothing." "Imitate Jesus and Socrates," was his final exhortation, of which it can only be said that he meant but half of it. His industry was tremendous and most consistent—when he didn't feel lazy.

A Generous Man.

He did not work by the clock, either day or night. But the truth is, he was self-indulgent, when he could afford to be. He failed to practice all he preached. He denounced him as a sponger to millions. "The Sayings of Poor Richard" has been translated into fifteen or more languages. More than seventy-six editions have been printed in English and more than fifty six in French. The Almanac has been the foundation of countless fortunes. Yet the writer had no parsimony in him. Satisfied with the success of his printing business, he retired at the early age of 42, turning it over to his partner, David Hall, in a contract remarkable for easy terms and generosity. Hall was to pay him a thousand pounds a year for eighteen years, then to become sole proprietor. The earnings at the time were about two thousand pounds. For the remainder of his life, forty-two years, Franklin devoted himself to literature, science and his country, but was never in receipt of rewards commensurate with his services. For all his thrift Franklin did not care for money as a distinction, or as a source of satisfaction to the possessor.

Weak Heart Food

(By Brice Belden, M.D.)

The treatment of weak hearts is not wholly a matter of drugs by any means. In fact, drugs are not used by physicians in such circumstances until all other means have failed and the heart has begun to show definite signs of inability to meet the circulatory demands.

Up to that point we say that the heart is compensating, even though weak and structurally altered; thereafter, if such symptoms as shortness of breath, dropsy, etc., appear, we speak of failure of compensation—and then drugs may prove useful.

The vital thing in the management of these weak hearts is how best to feed them. We must aim definitely to maintain the nutrition of the heart muscle at a high point, and this is usually practicable.

Honey is a good heart food for a number of well-understood reasons. Foods which add lime to the body are also valuable, for example, grapes, milk, cheese, eggs, fruit and vegetables. It is a significant fact that the heart muscle is rich in lime, containing about seven times as much of it as the other muscles.

Fruits are especially rich in sodium and potassium, which also play a part in the activity of the heart.

The most important thing of all to consider in this connection is the fact as shown by Cooper and Funk that the heart muscle is very rich in vitamins, and that if there is a deficiency of vitamins in the food it is the vitamin stores which are drawn upon first.

Fresh, unheated milk is very rich in vitamins, as well as in sugar and time; so that it makes an ideal food for the heart. The so-called nervous heart is usually one whose behaviour expresses the craving of the system for vitamins.

LIFE IS GIVE AND TAKE PROPOSITION

No Man, Under Modern Conditions, Can Live Entirely Unto Himself

EACH DEPENDENT ON OTHERS

Citizen Who Does Not Aid In Building Up Community Can Not Expect To Have Prosperity Himself

(Copyright)

There was a time in the world when a man could do pretty much as he pleased. What one man did or did not do had little effect on anyone else. Those days are gone, however, and they never will return. To-day no man lives entirely unto himself. Life is a complicated affair under modern conditions. No one man in any community is entirely independent of all others in that community.

Organized society, in the form of governments, national, state and local, have recognized the new conditions and have decreed that every man must observe certain rules in his relations with his fellow men. He must not do certain things that would endanger the health of other people in his community. He must not do such things as would disturb the peace and quiet of his neighborhood. He must remember that he owes a duty to his community.

Not Question of Right.

A man may say that he has the right to spend his money where he pleases; that no one can stop him; that he wants to buy his groceries, his clothes and his furniture in some city miles away from where he earns the money to pay for them. He is right. There is no law to prevent him from doing so, unless it is the law of self-preservation. The man who has the right to send his money away to some distant city instead of spending it at home, also has the right to send his children to that city to be educated in the schools, which his money helps to support, but he doesn't exercise that right. He sends his children to the local schools, the maintenance of which is made possible by the men who spend their money at home.

Life in any community to-day is a give and take proposition. A man can not take everything and give nothing and get away with it for any great length of time. He can not take his living from a community and give nothing back to help the other fellow make a living. If he cuts off the other fellow's living, he is bound eventually to cut off his own, for unless the other fellow has money to buy his labor or his goods he can not make a living himself.

You may say that what you buy doesn't amount to much and the money that you send away to the mail order houses in other cities can not have any great effect upon the general business conditions in your town. Maybe it doesn't amount to much and maybe it won't have any great effect upon the community prosperity in itself, but what will be the result if every person in the community or half of them, or a tenth of them, take the same view of the matter. Your business, in itself, may not amount to much, but taken together with the business of a hundred others in the community, it amounts to a great deal. It amounts to the difference, in the end, between good times and bad times for yourself and your own family. If you lived on a desert isle, it would make no difference where you sent your money, because it would make no difference whether you had any money at all or not. But you are not living upon a desert isle. You are living in a modern community. To do everything possible to build up that community is not only a duty which you owe to the community, but—more important still—it is a duty which you owe to yourself.

Taxes Will Increase.

You have children to educate. You want your community to have good schools so that your children may have the same advantages that the children in the big cities have. If you live on a farm you need good roads over which to haul your products to market. You may say that you pay your share of the taxes out of which the school houses are built and the roads are constructed. Maybe you do pay your share, in proportion to the value of your world's goods, but where is the other fellow to get the money to pay his share of the taxes, if, after you pay your taxes, you send the remainder of your money to some other community to help build their schools and construct their roads? The merchants of any community pay a very considerable part of the taxes collected in that community. Go to the tax books and you will find this to be the case. When the business of the merchant falls off and he carries smaller stocks and has less money in the bank he pays smaller taxes, and as the amount he pays in taxes decreases, the amount you pay must increase if the schools are to be maintained and the roads kept up. It may be a man's own business if he wants to send his money to help build up the big cities where the mail order houses flourish, but it's poor business for him if as well as for everybody else in the community in which he lives.

Prices of elephants and giraffes are extremely high, now. It's a hard and cruel winter, but happier times are coming.

If You Trade Out of Town, and I Trade Out of Town WHAT WILL BECOME OF OUR TOWN? THE DOLLAR SPENT IN MACLEOD WILL REMAIN "HOME TO BOOST" THE MACLEOD TIMES "TRADE AT HOME" CAMPAIGN

BUTCHERS

ASK FOR SHAMROCK BRAND

HAMS — BACON — LARD
Alberta's Finest Products

Fresh and Canned Meats of all kinds.

P. BURNS AND CO., LIMITED.

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ICE CREAM — FANCY DRINKS
FRUITS IN SEASON
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THE REXALL STORES

give you the benefit of an international service and a choice of proprietary medicines which are not surpassed for quality and effectiveness by any other line. Let this store supply your drug requirements. Prescriptions a specialty.

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PERSONAL SERVICE

A square deal with every purchase—as well as Farm Machine Agencies second to none is your protection on all machinery bought through us.

AGENTS FOR I. H. C. FARM MACHINERY AND McLAUGHLIN CARS

H. H. YOUNG

FLOUR MILLS

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY

If you are not acquainted with our excellent brands of flour we invite you to ask for

PANTRY QUEEN, MODEL SOCIETY'S CHOICE

You pay no more for good flour—properly milled—from us. We assure you satisfaction.

MACLEOD FLOURING MILLS, LIMITED

GENERAL STORES

WE ENDEAVOR

at all times to anticipate your requirements in Macleod. We carry a large and moderately priced stock of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Men's and Boys' Wear and we urge you to inspect our stock before buying elsewhere.

R. T. BARKER

CO-OPERATION MEANS STRENGTH

Co-operative buying means lessened cost to you, the customer. Why not deal with an organization which shows you a practical way to save. Let us supply your wants.

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SALES AND SERVICE
General Overhauling and Repairs to all cars. Genuine Ford Parts. Battery Service, Accessories, Oils, Gas, Supplies.

MACLEOD CO-OP. GARAGE ASS'N, LIMITED

READ THE "TRADE AT HOME" ARTICLE ON THIS PAGE CAREFULLY

IT MAY PRESENT SOMETHING YOU HAVEN'T THOUGHT OF BEFORE. PATRONIZE THE PEOPLE WHOSE ADVERTISEMENTS ARE HERE. THEY ARE NEIGHBORS AND WILL TREAT YOU RIGHT. THE MONEY YOU SPEND WITH THEM STAYS IN CIRCULATION IN YOUR DISTRICT.

YOU SHOULD BE AS LOYAL TO YOUR COMMUNITY AS TO YOUR NAME.

(Copyright)

The Macleod concerns listed here, conscious of the fact that thousands of dollars are being sent out of this territory for merchandise that can be bought at home, have launched a campaign in the hope that it will create a stronger feeling of community interest—a sentiment most vital for the prosperity of the entire community. In bold type you therefore read the slogan that they propose to popularize "TRADE IN YOUR HOME TOWN."

The time for consideration of this question could not be more opportune than the present. "Preparedness," the watchword of Canada, should begin at home and can be exemplified in no more far-reaching manner than by real co-operation in this vitally important "TRADE AT HOME" movement. It is a thought that should be taken to heart and given consideration by every person who earns their living in, or owes their success to, this community.

This campaign is launched in the firm belief that the people of this community will follow the dictates of their good sense, and bring the "TRADE AT HOME CAMPAIGN" to an actuality that will be of vast benefit to the entire territory.

This movement is no selfish propaganda of these progressive concerns who have combined in co-operative community appeal. They urge that you read the brief message they will give you each week through the columns of The Times.

The firm resolve to "TRADE AT HOME" will not only help the retailer and jobber, the farmers adjacent to our town, and it will also help in every line of business. It will either directly or indirectly benefit every individual of this section.

<p>GROCERIES</p> <p>GROCERIES FRESH FRUITS IN SEASON CHINA AND GLASSWARE Large, well assorted stock. Splendid assortment. Reasonable Prices. MACLEOD SUPPLY COMPANY LIMITED</p> <p>LET US SUPPLY— YOUR HOME WITH CHOICE GROCERIES DAILY We carry an abundant stock of whole-some table necessities and pure food products. We seek your patronage on a basis of merit only. Keep your money at home. THE WHITE HALL</p> <p>HARNESS HARNESS—SADDLERY TRAVELLING GOODS SHOE FINDINGS, ROBES, TENTS, GLOVES, MITTS, OVERALLS Come and get our prices. The GREAT WEST SADDLERY CO., LIMITED.</p> <p>HARDWARE SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE PAINTS — OILS — VARNISHES Make this store your headquarters for Hardware. THE CUNNINGHAM HARDWARE</p> <p>IF IT'S HARDWARE WE HAVE IT: if we haven't got it we will get it for you; if we can't get it it isn't made. This is our business policy plus the fact that moderate prices prevail in all lines. W. G. ANDREWS</p> <p>JEWELLERS WE WOULD BE GLAD TO ADVISE YOU ON ANY MATTER PERTAINING TO JEWELLERY and we invite comparison and inspection of our large stock. Many of our lines are exclusive—all are moderately priced. Repairing. RICHARD W. RUSSELL</p> <p>THIS STORE'S POLICY TO REPRESENT GOODS EXACTLY AS TO QUALITY: to sell each customer jewellery values at a uniform fair price; to fulfill all guarantees; to cheerfully correct all mistakes; to give all a square deal. JOHN T. DONEY</p> <p>LUMBER CONCERNING LUMBER We meet all competitors' prices in Lumber and Building Materials. We would be glad to advise you on your requirements. No order too small or too large. We invite you to consult with us. McLAREN LUMBER CO.</p> <p>MEN'S WEAR THE PROGRESSIVE MAN will keep his money in his own community. This up-to-date Men's Store caters to the apparel requisites of the Progressive Man. Splendid Boys' Department. Dr. Scholl's Arch Supports. Buy in Macleod. J. T. MARKS</p> <p>MILLINERY LADIES OF MACLEOD you will find the benefit of my advice regarding your personal millinery requirements very satisfying. We make over and retrim hats or make new ones according to instructions. Fancy goods. MISS A. M. WILSON</p> <p>PHOTOGRAPHERS HIGH CLASS PHOTOGRAPHY as may be secured at this studio is the result of years of careful study and experience. We specialize in Portraiture and Commercial Photography. AMATEUR DEVELOPING AND PRINTING — PICTURE FRAMING THE WHITEFOOT PHOTO SERVICE</p>
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THE MACLEOD TIMES

AND MACLEOD WEEKLY NEWS
(Independent in Politics)

A weekly newspaper printed and published at Macleod, Alberta, every Thursday

C. J. Dillingham and J. Dillingham, Publishers.
S. Dillingham, Manager and Editor.

Subscription Price \$2.00
Foreign \$2.50

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All classified advertising and readers must be paid in advance.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 9th, 1922

Everyday Religion

THE SACREDNESS OF DAILY DUTY.

(By Dr. Thurlow Fraser)

A great new ocean liner was crossing the Atlantic, loaded with troops. The second engineer invited one of the officers to go down with him into the engine room and inspect it. Down they went by zig-zag iron ladders and iron platforms, eight decks down to the very foundation of things, where a narrow gangway runs along at the narrowing of the hull to the keel. On each side the great spinning shafts pierced through the hull to the churning twin screws. To one uninitiated it was a marvelous sight just to look in a superficial fashion at the masses of mechanism.

But there was something else more interesting still. That was the men working there; the engine-room crew, more than seventy in number. The ship was running dead slow while the staff were cleaning, polishing, oiling every bit of machinery, tuning up the engines to the highest

LONESOME?

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Join our Correspondence Club and make many interesting friends. Get acquainted throughout the world through our medium. Marry Wealth, Happiness. Hundreds rich, attractive and congenial, willing to wed. Photos Free. Send 50 cents for four months' subscription. \$1.00 for one year.

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est pitch. How faithfully they worked, and how lovingly they touched these polished, shining monsters! They knew that there must be no careless or scamped work, for in a few hours we were to be running without escort the gauntlet of the submarine zone.

Sharp at midnight the slow throb of the engines gave place to an ever growing hum. A thrill ran through the great ship from stem to stern, and like a racer she leaped forward on her course. For the next thirty-two hours she was doing six knots better than her registered speed. All through the next day we were up in the bright sunshine and open air, with life-belts on and boats swung over the side. But away down in the depths were sweating firemen, stripped to the waist, black with coal-dust, their arms swinging with the regularity and speed of pistons, shooting coal into those devouring furnaces, making it possible for that ship to do the impossible, to exceed her own speed by six knots an hour.

Do you think that these men were not doing a sacred duty? The lives of thousands of soldiers and sailors depended on their faithfulness. And they themselves, if we had been torpedoed, what chance had they? Hardly one in a hundred. Probably killed by the explosion, or drowned in the first rush of the water. They might not think about it. They might never dream of it. It might never have touched the limit of their mental horizon. But it is the truth, nevertheless, that the man who does such duty faithfully, and by his faithfulness protects and saves the lives of his fellow-men does a sacred duty, does it in the strength of God who has put a great ideal, a great resolve in his heart.

This is true of any legitimate occupation. We are all bound together in bonds of service. We are all workers for each other, and no one can get along without the other. Upon the way in which you and I do our duty depends the safety and well-being of our fellows. The engine-driver leaning out of his cab and peering through the drift of a winter storm on the prairies, or through the blackness and rain of a wild night in the mountains, watching for mud-slides or rock-slides or snow-slides, is doing a sacred duty caring for the lives of a whole trainload of sleeping people. The motor-man handling his car through the crowded traffic, serving the public promptly, and yet protecting the lives of heedless and helpless, has a sacred duty. The doctor sitting by a bedside, studying every symptom of disease, and considering what remedy will counteract and cure, and save a human life, has a duty sacred in the sight of God. The teacher fashioning and shaping the minds of the young temporarily committed to his care, might well shrink from so great a task did he not realize guidance by a mind greater than his own. The father remembering his own mistakes and blunders and trying to set a high ideal and example before his children, the mother busy with the endless routine of house work, and yet trying to keep sweet and patient for husband and children's sake, each has a sacred responsibility, and needs the Spirit of God. The men who prepare and supply the food and clothing for the public, providing them with the necessities of life must know, if they think at all, that they too have sacred responsibilities, lest men and women and little children should suffer cold and hunger and ill-health through their neglect of duty.

Man, you cannot go into a works forge a bolt an inch long, turn a thread upon it and fit a nut to that thread, without realizing that sometime or other a fellow human being life may depend on the faithfulness with which you have made that inch-long scrap of iron or steel.

Do not imagine that the parson is the only one who needs the Spirit of God, or the priest's is the only sacred office. Your office is sacred too, if you are doing anything in this world worth doing, and you have a right to inscribe upon it, "Service to Humanity and Holiness unto the Lord."

Text of "Big Four" Naval Treaty

The draft treaty for limitation of naval armaments submitted to the plenary session of the Washington conference and assented to Feb. 1st, contains only the following preamble in explanation of the purpose of the five contracting governments in reaching the agreements set forth:

"Desiring to distribute the maintenance of the general peace and to reduce the burdens of competition in armament;

"Have resolved, with a view to accomplishing these purposes, to conclude a treaty to limit the respective naval armaments, and to that end have appointed as their plenipotentiaries—"

The names of the delegates of the powers follow.

The treaty is divided into three chapters. Chapter one contains the general language of the agreements, covered in 20 separate articles.

Chapter two contains the detailed specific agreements on naval matters, many of them in complicated tabular form, which amplify and complete the meaning of the general agreements of chapter one.

Chapter three is devoted to "miscellaneous provisions" and contains four additional articles of the treaty.

Chapter one is headed: "General provision relating to the limitation of naval armaments."

Article one thereunder is merely the agreement to limit naval armaments as provided in the treaty.

Ships to be Retained.
Article two provides that the contracting powers may retain respectively capital ships specified in part one, chapter two. The ships thus named in part one are as follows:

United States—Maryland, California, Tennessee, Idaho, New Mexico, Mississippi, Arizona, Pennsylvania, Oklahoma, Nevada, New York, Texas, Arkansas, Wyoming, Florida, Utah, North Dakota and Delaware. Total tonnage 500,000.

Great Britain—Royal Sovereign, Royal Oak, Revenge, Resolution, Ramilies, Malaya, Valiant, Barham, Queen Elizabeth, Warspite, Benbow, Emperor of India, Iron Duke, Marlborough, Hood, Renown, Repulse, Tiger, Thunderer, King George V, Ajax and Centurion. Total tonnage 580,450.

France—Lorraine, Bretagne, Provence, Paris, France, Jean Bart, Courbet, Diderot and Voltaire. Total tonnage 221,170.

Italy—Doria, Duilio, Cavore, Cesare, Vinci, Dante Alighieri, Roma, Napoli, Vittorio Emanuele, Regina Elena. Total tonnage 182,800.

Japan—Mutsu, Nagato, Hanga, Ise, Yamashiro, Fu-So, Kirishima, Haruna, Hiyie and Kongo. Total tonnage 301,320.

Article two then provides that on the coming into force of the treaty, altogether capital ships "built or building" by the five powers shall be disposed of as prescribed in chapter two, part two, the reference being to the extensive "rules for scrapping vessels of war" carried in the part two mentioned.

"Scrapping" Rules.
Article one then provides that in addition to the specified capital ships "the United States may complete and retain two ships of the West Virginia class now under construction and on their completion, dispose of the North Dakota and Delaware under the scrapping rules, while Great Britain in accordance with the replacement table carried in chapter two construct two new capital ships not to exceed 35,000 tons standard displacement each and on their completion, dispose of the Thunderer, King George V, Ajax and Centurion under the scrapping rules.

Article three is the agreement of the powers to "abandon their respective capital ship building programs" and to build or acquire no new capital ships except as replacement tonnage and under the replacement agreement ships thus replaced to be disposed of as provided for in chapter two.

Article four in the naval ratio agreement stated in standard displacement tonnage aggregates for capital ship replacement as follows: United States 525,000 tons; British Empire 525,000 tons; France 175,000 tons; Italy 175,000 tons; Japan 315,000 tons, which aggregates the powers agree not to exceed.

35,000 Ton Maximum.
Article five fixes the 35,000 ton capital ship maximum displacement for any ship which "shall be acquired by or constructed by, for or within the jurisdiction of any of the contracting powers."

Article six says no capital ship carry a gun with a calibre in excess of sixteen inches.

Article seven fixes the total tonnage of aircraft carriers at: United States 135,000; British Empire 135,000;

Good and tasty dishes every day—good health the year round—that is what OXO gives. Your food will nourish you more—because OXO CUBES promote nutrition. Your cooking will be better and simpler, because OXO CUBES are concentrated beef in the handiest form.

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power for a non-contracting power full information as to such ship shall be communicated to the other four contracting powers.

Article 17 provides that "in the event of a contracting power being engaged in war, shall power shall not use as a vessel of war any war vessel which may be under construction within its jurisdiction for any other power, or which may have been constructed within its jurisdiction for another power and not delivered.

Can't Sell Warships.

Article 18 provides that no contracting power shall dispose of a vessel of war by "any mode of transfer" so that it may become a war vessel for any foreign power.

Article 19 provides that the "United States, the British Empire and Japan agree that the status quo at the time of the signing of the present treaty with regard to fortifications and naval bases shall be maintained in their respective territories and possessions specified thereunder.

Pacific Fortifications.

The first sub-heading under this agreement names for the United States insular possessions now held or hereafter acquired in the Pacific except those adjacent to the coast of the United States, Alaska and the Panama Canal, not including the Aleutian Islands and the Hawaiian Islands. The second sub-heading names Hong Kong and Pacific insular possessions now held or hereafter acquired by Great Britain of 110 degrees east longitude, except those adjacent to the coasts of Canada, Australia and its territories and New Zealand. The third sub-heading names as Japanese insular possessions the Kurile, Bonin and Loo Choo Islands, Formosa and Amami-Oshima, the Pescadores "and any insular territories or possessions in the Pacific ocean which Japan may hereafter acquire."

The article explains that the status quo agreement applies to new fortifications which shall not be established or present defenses or naval facilities be included in the territories named, the restriction not precluding, however, replacement of worn out weapons or equipment.

Execution of Treaty.

Article 20 provides for a uniform rule of determining displacement tonnage for all five powers.

Chapter one is headed:

"Rules relating to the execution of the treaty—definition of terms."

Part one carries the specified lists of capital ships already quoted but makes the tonnage ratio agreement effective for the United States on completion of the two West Virginia, new ships, and the scrapping of the North Dakota and Delaware; and for Great Britain on completion of the new ships destroyed with the ship all guns, fire of the four ships they will replace.

Provision is made for France to lay down new capital ship tonnage in the years 1927, 1929 and 1931, as provided for in the replacement agreement and with a similar provision for Italy.

Scrapping Vessels.

Part two sets out four rules for scrapping vessels of war. Rule one provides that such vessels must be so treated that they "cannot be put to combatant use"; rule two provides that this may be effected by sinking the ships, breaking them up, converting them into targets in which case not more than one capital ship at a time could be retained for target use. A sub-division would permit France and Italy during 1931 or thereafter each to retain two sea-going vessels for gunnery and torpedo school work, the French vessels to be of the Jean Bart class and the Italian to be of the Cesare class the two governments agreeing to destroy conning towers of these vessels "and not to use the said ships as vessels of war."

Rule three of part two provides that vessels due for scrapping must be rendered immediately incapable of warlike service which shall be deemed to have been accomplished when there shall have been removed or destroyed with the ship all guns, fire controls and moving parts of barbettes and turrets and their operating machinery, all fire control instruments, ammunition, torpedo and tubes, radio installations, conning towers and all side armor or alternatively, main propelling machinery and all aviation accessories.

Rule four provides that vessels to be scrapped under rule three shall be rendered incapable of warlike use within six months from the coming into force of the treaty and the scrapping "finally effected within eighteen months."

Where ships are to be replaced however, scrapping of the replaced ship must begin not later than the date of the completion of its successor and the vessel rendered incapable of war service within six months and finally scrapped within 18 months. If completion of the replacement ship is delayed, scrapping of the replaced vessel must begin within four years after the laying of the keel of the new ship, the six month and 18 month period to apply in that case also for completion of the work.

Part three of chapter two is the replacement provision for capital ships and aircraft carriers and is contained in two sections.

Section one provides the general rule that such ships may be replaced 20 years from the date of their completion, keels of replacement ships to be laid not earlier than seventeen years after such date of completion and it is also provided that with the exception of the two British capital ships provided for and the replacement building in specified years by France and Italy, no capital ship tonnage "shall be laid down until 10 years from November 12, 1921."

It is also provided that the names date of authorization, date of keel laying, displacement and the principal dimensions of ships to be replaced and

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similar information as to ships planned to replace them be communicated promptly to all contracting powers.

The Ideal Newspaper.

(Arthur H. Folwell, Leslie's Weekly.)
A newspaper publisher, wishing to please his readers, asked for suggestions.

"How can I make mine the ideal newspaper?" he inquired.

"Cut out the crimes, the murders, the sensational divorce case reports," said the nice people.

"Cut out the accidents, the railway and steamship disasters," said the people who "couldn't bear" to read such things.

"Cut out the politics," said the old-fashioned woman. "I don't understand it, and haven't time for it."

"Cut out the League of Nations and all that heavy stuff," yawned the flappers of both sexes. "What's it all about, anyway?"

"Cut out the so-called funny pictures," said the careful mother. "Such pictures aren't funny, and they're bad, very bad, for children."

"Cut out the ponderous editorials," snapped the man who merely scans the headlines. "Nobody reads 'em nowadays."

"Cut out the woman's page," said the female with the strong mind. "It's mushy, trashy, trivial, an insult to our sex."

"Cut out the sports and theatres," said the intellectual. "Both are bad influences, and both have received altogether too much notice."

"Cut out—" began another and still another, but the publisher beat them to it.

"Stop all of you," he cried. "On second thought, I have decided to cut out myself. It is no use trying to publish the ideal newspaper until I

am myself the ideal newspaper."

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TO RENT—First-class store on 24th Street. Apply to J. M. Callie, Macleod, Alberta. 33-1f

WANTED—To hear from owner of good farm for sale. State cash price, full particulars. D. F. Bush, Minneapolis, Minn. 44-13tp \$4.50

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FOR SALE—200 tons of good rye feed in stack. Price \$10 per ton, at my farm, 6 miles south-west of Granum. C. C. Waterstreet. 48-2t

FOR SALE—Barred Rocks, Rhode Island Reds (single comb)—cockerels, \$5 each. Prize winners at Lethbridge and Macleod Fairs. J. Bawden, Macleod. 49-3tp \$1.75

WANTED—An experienced farmer with good equipment to rent 400 acre farm on crop shares. 250 acres irrigable from ditch on land in operation. 210 acres broken. Good buildings. Well fenced. School half mile, 10 miles north of Cowley. Reference required. Apply to Mrs. M. Wilson, Senior, Lundbreck, Alta. 49-2tp \$2.85

come across the ideal reader." Saying which, he shut up shop and went into the wholesale saxophone business for a rest.

J. S. LAMBERT
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CHANGE IN CRISTING
We will accept wheat tickets from the Alberta Pacific Grain Company and deliver at Macleod 100 lbs. of flour for every four bushels of No. 1 wheat.

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Average, 22c per pound

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Nothing Nicer for Sunday morning Breakfast

20c per lb.

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'IT'S WORTH FETCHING'

Hearth-Glow And Homespun

(By Polly Peele.)

"The People Perish."

"Where there is no vision the people perish," is a bit of Biblical wisdom that has come home to me very forcibly of late. It is astounding how wonderfully kind people can be to the individual with whom they come in actual contact, yet remain at the same time cold to the needs of a whole country or even of their own immediate community. It must be lack of vision.

There is a mining village in our own Canada (and it may be only one of many) where everything is run by and for the great and wealthy company owning and operating the mine. It is a tiny little village lying in a beautiful country, yet bereft of trees and every beauty, like a scar on the face of the landscape. It's little wooden houses have no cellars, no electricity, no conveniences of any sort, although in the houses and garages of the officers of

the mine there is power in abundance and to waste. The workers in the mine are mostly foreigners and often families of ten, twelve and even more sleep in two rooms.

"Who provides the houses?" I asked.

"The company," was the answer.

"And where is the superintendent of the mine? Why doesn't he change things?" I went on.

"He says he can't do anything," came back.

"And he is surprised that these people think and talk anarchy," I told him I wasn't surprised a bit. There's no place for the men to go but where they gamble and get liquor—for they do get it somehow. Then they come home drunk to their wives.

"As for the women, there's nothing for them but eternal drudgery and discomfort and being beaten by their husbands when they are drunk. If there were only some place they could go for entertainment and to learn new and interesting things about the care of their homes and their children—some sort of community house—it would make all the difference in the world. And the men, too, if they could go to some such place, would

find better things to do than to drink whiskey and talk anarchy."

"And the officers of the mine, are they married?" I asked, wondering how women could live in comfort and see such conditions about them.

"Yes, they're married, and, in many ways, they are very kind, and their wives too. If any of the men fall ill they are given every care and attention. There are presents for the children at Christmas time and prizes for the school, in generous measure. As for the wives, when the influenza epidemic raged in the village they nursed the sick day and night, until one of them caught it herself. While she lay ill word came that one of the little children for whom she had been caring was likely to lose her eyesight because nobody could induce her to have the drops put into her eyes that were necessary for their healing. This had been one of the daily tasks of the mine officer's wife before she had been taken ill and the child had submitted to it under her tender and tactful persuasions. Nobody else seemed able to get the same result so this woman had herself bundled in furs each day, carried to a waiting car, and hurried to the house of squalor where, ill as she was, she ministered to the frightened child, and was then whisked back home again.

"And yet they live like that all about her," I gasped. "How can she stand it? For she must have a tender heart."

"Yes, and the husbands have, too, in individual cases, but they seem to have no idea of cleaning up the whole thing and giving the people decent living conditions. To make it worse the family and friends of the members of the company come to the village in gorgeous motor cars and gorgeous clothes. The contrast is frightfully embittering to the workers and their wives. And can you wonder?"

Could anyone wonder? One can think only of those words: "Where there is no vision, the people perish."

THE OLD HOMELAND

"It's many years since I crossed the Atlantic, but I have always kept in touch with the homeland by reading the News of the World," says a prominent man of the West. The News of the World is the great national journal of the British Isles, and no matter in what part of the globe Britishers may settle, the News of the World, complete with all the week's news, can be obtained. Its thrilling serial stories, up-to-date song with music, the latest gossip and pictures, make it the most welcome of the week's visitors. It can be obtained direct from the publishers, 30, Boulevard Street, London, England, but for the convenience of local purchasers, ample stocks are carried by A. Ferguson, Macleod, Alta.

Make sure of a regular supply by placing an order with the agents.

That Popular Girl.

"How can I be popular?" writes a girl of eighteen, who finds herself with out friends. "There is a girl in our town who is the idol of everybody. When she is invited to a social affair, everyone else seems put in the shade. Is there a rule by which one might achieve this so-called charm?"

A rule indeed there is. But it is a subtle rule that must be worked from within. To be popular, one must be essentially kind. That perhaps is the safest rule of all, and one well within the reach of us all. To try to understand the other person's viewpoint, instead of foisting your own on him, to be a good listener if not a good talker, to learn that charm of repose that makes people want to come within your soothing aura.

To-day the young girl has a far better opportunity to become charming than ever our mothers had. In that generation one had to be pretty, coy, dainty in figure and dress. To-day, all that remains of that set of requisites is the daintiness of dress. The girl who would be popular must be well dressed. Not extravagantly, but she must look to the lines and colors of her frocks that her physical charms may be brought out. The eye catches the features first, and the charm of personality follows. There is a psychology about clothes that one cannot deny.

In place of the coy mannerisms of a generation ago, the young girl to-day has the advantage of developing her intellect. It is to the girl who can talk intelligently, who can listen with understanding to the young man who brings his business problems to her, popularity is given. Her conduct is tinged with a new dignity, a zealous desire to make the best of the gift of life.

Politeness and courtesy are two important virtues that the young girl should develop early. She should be as polite to her acquaintances as she is to her intimate friends. Courtesy and kindness to everyone is a charming habit, the spirit of which is bound to be reciprocated even from servants.

A new standard is set by the sports of the day. The "clinging vine" girl is no longer popular among young men of this age. Isn't that a hint to every girl who would be popular? Learn to dance. Not the eccentric steps that strip one of the proper respect, but the graceful, swaying steps that symbolize the spirit of the sport. Learn to golf. Being able to accept an invitation to golf opens an excellent avenue to promote friendship.

Analyze your personality for its ugly spots. Then seek to rid yourself of these habits of speech, or thought, or action. Each of us has a particular social talent if only we would look for it. The girl who can play a musical instrument need never overshadow the girl who can tell a story well.

Study yourself, try to apply these rules, and let us hear from you again.

Wearable Fads.

(By Rita Stuyvesant.)

The extreme simplicity of the present day frock has created a demand for all sorts of fancy accessories, such as strings of odd beads, bracelets and girdles.

The vogue for all black has made it necessary to have a quaint string of odd beads of colorful design to stand out against the black background. Jade, both real and clever imitations, is extremely popular and is made up into long necklaces with heavy pendant at the end. Bright red glittering beads lend color to the brunette, and beads of French blue wool in odd shapes will bring out the color of one's eyes to advantage. The glass and porcelain beads really are most attractive, and you would be surprised to see the striking note they will give to one's costume.

Black bracelets are another smart accessory, especially with the younger set is wearing. Black jet or cleverly chipped glass form attractive round bracelets, and there are many snake-like bracelets.

Bangle bracelets of rhinestones are dainty for evening wear, and so are the slim gold chain affairs one sees wherever the smart set assembles. All sorts of antiques are again in vogue, and these are worn on the end of a long ribbon that one hangs around the neck to the waist. Black grain ribbon may be chosen, or the same kind in gray is smart. Ornaments that are flat may be worn on a broader ribbon of black as a bracelet. Rare laces and bits of finery are being made up into dainty collar and cuff sets for the dark frock of taffeta or crepe. Gay bits of silk are twisted into pretty flowers or grapes for the corsage.

Wholesome Food Means Health For The Consumers

There is much in the report of the Veterinary Director General for the year 1920-21 that must be very gratifying to Canadian readers. From it we learn that Canadian Live Stock continues to maintain its enviable reputation as among the healthiest in the world, that none of the great plagues, such as rinderpest, foot-and-mouth disease and contagious pleuropneumonia, has been allowed to enter the country; that hog cholera and glanders have been so effectively dealt with that losses have become comparatively trifling, and that mangle has been practically eradicated from the great range country in Alberta. The last mentioned was a particularly heavy task, as can easily be understood when it is stated that 2,082 townships, approximately 74,952 miles, a territory as large as Scotland, had to be covered. Cattle could stray for hundreds of miles. Restrictions and dipping regulations had to be imposed and happily were readily complied with by cattlemen, with one lone exception, when the police had to be called upon. Dipping vats were built so that no cattle would have to be driven more than twelve miles to be treated, and every contingency was provided for. Commencing June 24

197,721 head were dipped for the first time, and on July 2 and following days, 197,914 were dipped for the second time. The accredited herd system adopted in the previous year, having for its object the elimination of tuberculosis, made excellent progress.

The report shows similar energy and achievement by the two other divisions of the branch, The Pathological division, which has charge of the Biological laboratory at Ottawa, supplies all the tuberculin and mallein required for inoculation, makes examinations of specimens submitted for diagnosis, conducts research work, and manages branch laboratories, including one at Charlottetown, P.E.I., for the study of fox diseases. The Meat and Canned Goods division, has been termed "the silent guardian of the public health." Besides inspecting and certifying to the quality and wholesomeness of all manufactured food products within the scope of the Meat and Canned Goods Act, this division supervises all imports of like foods, including fruits, vegetables, milk and their products. Canada, it is worth mentioning, is today the only country in the world that has a law acting out standards for food products to which countries in trade with her must conform.

Rathwell Items

Mr. Charles Rosaine, of the Ridge, received a phone message from Lethbridge on Monday last informing him of the serious illness of his brother Herman, who had been suddenly taken ill. Mr. Rosaine left the same day for Lethbridge.

A word or two concerning the hay drive now being put on in the district. It is remarkable how few people there are who can tell you a thing about it. Even the men most interested have very little to say when questions are put to them. Nobody seems to know just what has brought about this very serious condition of affairs. Whether the leaders who jumped to the front and undertook to supply hay during the hard winter, the railway company who transported the fodder, or the parties responsible for its distribution, but some one blundered grievously. Liabilities to the tune of over \$1000 we are told, are to be met, and the easiest way to fix things up, so it would appear, is to call upon everyone in the district to help foot the bill. One thing is certain, the organization, due to a variety of causes, made a great muddle of it. Farmers who had put in orders early for the hay they required found that their orders could be filled in the majority of cases only in part. Looking backward the seriousness of the situation then existing does not loom up as prominently now as then, but at the time there was no humor in the situation. Everyone who thought he could make a dollar by peddling hay was doing it and it seemed strange that while others could fill orders without any great trouble a powerful concern was quite unable to cope with the situation. There was a reason for this and farmers everywhere would like to know that reason. All of us are willing to help out and this is now being shown, but it must not be forgotten that the most of us who were compelled to buy hay during the hard winter failed to get it through our own great organization and paid out-

Better Than Pills For Liver Ills.

NR Tonight

It is to tone and strengthen the organs of digestion and elimination, improve appetite, stop sick headaches, relieve biliousness, correct constipation. They act promptly, pleasantly, mildly, yet thoroughly.

Tomorrow Alright

Nature's Remedy

Get a 25c. Box

rageous prices for what we could get from those who were in the buying and selling field in opposition to us. Lighten our darkness, etc.

The Ladies Aid of the Guild met at the home of Mrs. Joseph Watson on Wednesday of this week.

The dance and concert advertised for Friday was postponed to the 17th owing to the inclemency of the weather.

Chancellor Wirth's new taxation plan is unpopular, says the news from Germany. When somebody finds a taxation plan that isn't, that will be real news.

TENDERS WANTED

The undersigned will receive offers for the purchase of the South-East Quarter (¼) of Section One (1); the South East Quarter (¼) of Section Eleven (11) both in Township Eight (8) Range Twenty-Six (26) West of the Fourth (4th) Meridian and the North West Quarter (¼) of Section Six (6) Township Eight (8) Range Twenty-Five (25) West of the Fourth (4th) Meridian until the first day of April A.D. 1922 subject to the approval and pursuant to the order of the Registrar for the South Alberta Land Registration District bearing date the 15th day of January, 1922.

Dated at Macleod, Alberta, January 23rd, 1922.
JOSEPH D. MATHESON, of Macleod, Alberta, Solicitor for John Franklin.

D. R. CARSE
PLUMBING, GASFITTING AND TINSMITHING
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Do You

realize that when you turn on an Electric Light, that behind that little lamp there is a hundred thousand dollar investment.

Do you realize that the interest and sinking fund on this amount must be paid whether you use current or not.

This charge however, has to be met only once, after it is paid we can sell current at five cents per Kilowatt and make a profit.

Use more current, put it to work around the house — we will supply the extra current at a five cent rate.

Macleod Municipal Electric Light Department

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Prompt and Efficient Service
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AUTO LIVERY
DAY AND NIGHT SERVICE
OUR SPECIALTY
TRIPS TO THE WATER-TON LAKES
McLaughlin Cars
Reasonable Rates
DAY PHONE, 186
NIGHT PHONE, 191
GEORGE MARLOW
Leave orders at H. H. Young's Implement Office.

Clearing Sale!

Men's Fleece Lined Underwear, Men's All Wool Underwear, Men's Top Shirts, Men's Caps, Hose, Mitts, Gloves.

Special Discount on Aluminum Ware

Groceries, high quality, low prices full stock

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H. H. McLEAN, Mgr. MACLEOD

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The Macleod Times has one of the most up-to-date Printing Plants in Western Canada.

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We have just received a shipment of Black Ceylon Tea, bought some months ago at a snap, and which we are selling at
This is a snap. Try it.

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MISS A. M. WILSON

ADVERTISING IN THE MACLEOD TIMES WILL PAY YOU

REACH & Co.

We have finished stock taking and the result was very gloomy. The average of the past four years in profits after paying expenses, is very discouraging and before another harvest there will be months of weary waiting. A dubious consolation is in knowing we are all in the same boat. In a small community bad seasons and scarcity of money affects one and all. This is a time for Christian Charity. Those who are better off must assist those in want and often privation. If ever we ought to practice Thrift and Economy it is now. Many are still spending just as much as in times of plenty. Instead of going away from a meal with a moderate sufficiency. We eat till we can eat no more and the one who caters to the family or crowd cooks more than can be eaten, the rest is thrown away. It is in these times of stress that those who read can assimilate these forceful lessons. Even millionaires live more economically than those who have an income of from \$50 or more a month. These are just moralizings by the way. We still have to live. So we put profits on one side and will sell things that are not necessities at cost. Money we must have. Among some of the articles at cost will be ladies' silk and voile waists, winter underclothing, silk hosiery, boots and shoes. Don't send away money to Dept. Houses if you can do without doing so. This will help the merchant who can then help others and let the Fraternal Ball roll.

REACH & Co.

FINEST JOB PRINTING — THE MACLEOD TIMES DOES IT

A Dinner Party Here



is a delightful event. Whether it be small or large every member of the party will surely enjoy the excellent food, the courteous and quick service, the appointments and the surroundings. And the host will most certainly enjoy the little expense of his hospitality. Parties of any number can be arranged for at any time.

CLUB CAFE

ODDFELLOWS, MACLEOD

GRAND

Masquerade Ball

Veterans' Hall, St. Valentine's

February 14th, 1922

SUPPER WILL BE SERVED

SMITH'S 4-PIECE ORCHESTRA

6 Prizes for Best Costumes

ADMISSION: Gentlemen \$1.00 Ladies \$1.00

Costumes may be obtained at Whitworth's

LOCAL AND PERSONAL NEWS

Francis Ryan, of Calgary, was a visitor to Macleod over the week-end.

Fred McParland, formerly of Macleod and now of Bellevue, was a visitor in town over Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Gladys Drinkwater, of Mayor Fawcett's office staff, is suffering from a severe cold.

Born, at the general hospital, on Sunday last, to the wife of Mr. E. Whipple, a daughter.

Two thousand men are employed in the lumber camps around Cranbrook.

F. Morris, proprietor of the Macleod Supply, has been confined to his residence for some days with a bad cold.

W. Shaw, Branch Superintendent for P. Burns, Ltd., Crow and Boundary branches, was a business visitor in Macleod on Thursday of this week.

Mrs. Jos. McNab entertained a number of her friends at her home, 20th Street, on Wednesday evening, five hundred being played at five tables. A very pleasant evening was spent.

Mr. E. F. Brown leaves for Calgary on Friday and while absent will attend the L.O.O.F. Convention to be held in the city of Edmonton the following week.

Mr. Sam Rands and Mrs. Perkins, who came west to attend the funeral ceremonies of both mother and father, returned to their homes near Portage in Prairie, this week.

Large quantities of hay are being brought into town by Indians, finding a ready sale at a fairly high price. The quality of the hay is of the highest.

It is reported from Ottawa that Duncan J. Marshall, who unsuccessfully contested the East Calgary seat as a Liberal candidate in the recent general election, has been appointed commissioner of agriculture for the Federal Agricultural department.

Mr. R. W. Russell leaves for Edmonton on Monday to represent Macleod Encampment at the Grand Encampment of Alberta, and also Mountain View Lodge at the Grand Lodge of Alberta. Mr. Rothney, who was also elected a delegate is unable to go and W. T. Fleming will represent Mountain View at the sittings of the Grand Lodge. Mr. R. W. Stewart will also attend in his capacity of District

Deputy Grand Master for District No. 7.

Mrs. H. Dowson is visiting with a friend, Mrs. Graham, in Coleman.

Miss Laycock, of Macleod Public School staff, is off duty on account of a severe cold.

Mrs. W. G. Andrews entertained a number of her lady friends at her home, 22nd Street, Monday evening February 7th, court whist being played at six tables. This was a most enjoyable social event.

Miss Josephine O'Gorman, supervisor of music for the Toronto Catholic Schools, won the \$100 Victory Bond at a bazaar in that city. Miss O'Gorman taught in the Ewelme School District for a term.

Mrs. W. J. Ryan, who underwent an operation for goitre under Mayo Br.-s. Rochester, N.Y., has left that institution and gone on to Minneapolis where she will visit a sister until she is sufficiently strong to make the trip back to Macleod.

The Magrath town council has gone on record as being strongly in favor of the Waterton Lakes being used as a storage reservoir for irrigation water, and a resolution to that effect has been ordered sent to the Minister of the Interior.

Mr. McNichol, Macleod's worthy postmaster, having contracted a severe cold and pneumonia threatening, he was removed to the general hospital on Sunday last for medical treatment. His friends will be glad to know that he is making a rapid recovery.

About thirty carloads of heavy timbers to be used in the construction of bridges and culverts crossing the line of the North Lethbridge Irrigation ditch are being received at this point and the material hauled by farmers who are only too willing to earn a few dollars by so doing.

The Ontario Magistrate who some weeks ago administered a forty years' sentence to a foreigner for maliciously breaking windows must have been looking for notoriety. The department of justice has changed this harsh sentence, sentencing the man to two years on each charge, sentences to be served concurrently.

On Monday night last Mr. G. G. Coote, M.P., arrived in Macleod and the following morning he went southward to Stand Off and Glenwoodville and returned to Macleod on Wednesday, where he met and consulted with a number of farmers and others in the office of the South Macleod Irrigation District. Mr. Coote expects to leave for Ottawa within the next few

HAY FOR SALE

Timothy Bluejoint
Alfalfa

GEO. H. SCOUGALL
Macleod - - Alberta

weeks to attend the coming session of the House of Commons and his object is as far as possible to meet his constituents and ascertain their needs, also to obtain any suggestions which may be helpful to him. The subjects discussed at Macleod were irrigation, freight rates, grain marketing and matters pertaining to stock on the Indian Reserves.

A rumor having become current at Blairmore that it was the intention of the C.P.R. to remove the Cardston-Crow's Nest local train, the citizens of that town are now making every effort to have the local kept on, claiming that the slack part of the season is over and that one train per day cannot handle the traffic on that line when the busy season comes.

The Omega Square of Tuxis Boys is holding its annual Father and Son Banquet on Friday night in the L.O.O.F. Hall. The mothers will provide for the banquet. Mr. Wallace Forgie of Calgary, secretary for the Boys' Work Board of Alberta, will be present and address the boys. The boys will give the following addresses: "What a Boy Expects of His Father," S. Brooks; "What the Boy Expects from His Church," W. Watson; "What a Boy Expects from His Community," J. Rothney. Rev. J. Kennedy will reply, "What the Church Expects of the Boy"; Mayor Fawcett will reply, "What the Community Expects from the Boy." Rev. Armstrong, R. Patterson, F. Morris, H. H. McLean, G. Bell and R. W. Stewart will be among the guests of the evening.

Mrs. P. Talbot and daughter were in Macleod on Friday of last week guests at the Queen's, leaving for their home in Lacombe on Saturday. The Talbot family lived here in the very early days, the late Mr. Talbot, or "Pete" as he was more familiarly known to his friends, being the first principal of the Macleod Public School. From Macleod the family moved to Lacombe, Alberta, where Mr. Talbot went in for the raising of pure-bred cattle. He represented the Lacombe constituency for some time, afterwards being appointed a Senator, which position he held until the time of his death, some three years ago. While in town Mrs. Talbot received a number of her old-time friends and chatted very pleasantly over people and events of thirty years ago.

The officers, non-commissioned officers and men of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police were at home to a large number of their civilian friends on Tuesday evening in the G. W. V. A. Hall, the occasion being the first dance of the season put on by this body of men and proved to be one of the most enjoyable social events of the year. In the early days these police dances were the talk of the countryside for weeks before and weeks after they had been given — to receive an invitation to be present was looked upon as a very great honor indeed. The hall was artistically arrayed with flags and red and blue bunting, the walls presenting a most war-like appearance with their array of rifles, spurs, bicorne hats, carbines, etc., the belts filled with highly polished cartridges sparkling in the electric light. The crest of the force, which, as everyone knows, is the head of a buffalo, occupied a conspicuous place on the east side of the room, being placed between pictures of the King and Queen, and draped with flags, the effect being very pleasing. The evening's festivities opened with the Grand March at 9.30 p.m., the music being of an exceedingly high order. Supper was served at midnight and during the intermission members of the force

MEN'S OVERCOATS, \$17.50 BOY'S SUITS, \$9.50

10 ONLY OVERCOATS—In heavy English Tweeds, values to \$35.00 for—

\$17.50

BOYS' SUITS—Your choice of any Boys' Suits, sizes 26 to 35, values to \$19.50 for—

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SHOE REPAIRING

Men's, Women's and Children's
AT MODERATE PRICES

RUBBER HEELS, POLISHES,
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W. K. MACKIE

On the Corner, Next Town Hall.



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Men's and Boys' Ready-

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AT COST

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gave a selection of songs, duets and a comic sketch, all of which were very ably rendered. After supper dancing was resumed and continued until about 2.30, when the happy throng dispersed, loud in their praises of the hospitality of the members of the grand old force.

The Rev. gentleman mentioned below is well known in Macleod and vicinity, having been stationed here for seven years as pastor of the Methodist Church. When the epidemic of influenza struck the town he was most assiduous in relief work, never resting night or day, until all danger was over. We have heard of cases where he even assisted in washing the dishes preparing food, etc., where the families were all down with the dreaded disease. He made a name for himself while here for his kindly offices that will long remain green in the memories of us all. The following extract is taken from a recent copy of "The Hardisty Mail": "The Rev. W. A. Lewis of the Union Church, who has been interesting himself in organizing the churches of the North in the relief work for the Southern part of the Province, has received word from Rev. C. Bishop of Ponoka that Ponoka had sent a carload of supplies to the South consisting of potatoes, clothing, meat, etc. There were over 30,000 lbs. of potatoes and one quarter of a car of miscellaneous articles, also \$60 in cash. Pretty good, Ponoka."

Oh, whatever else you do, where so ever you go, try to keep a thing or two, don't tell all you know. Talk about your views and schemes freely if you will; but remember, on some themes practice keeping still. They are very wise indeed who can a spial away on our nation's every need, questions of the day; those who talk of Timbuctoo, Africa and Greece, who can tell us what to do for a world-wide peace. But some wiser men have earned many a tempting plum just because they early learned points on keeping mum. Talk of pigs or porcupines, science art or shop; but you'll see the chap who shines knows just when to stop. Though you chat from early dawn when the roosters crow till the twilight's glow is gone, don't tell all you know! Keep a little in reserve, you'll be glad some day of the speeches you conserve, things you do not say! If you'll only look about, any place you go, you will note the winning scowl, don't tell all you know.

It is estimated that American investors have been defrauded of more than \$6,000,000,000 in four years by Wall Street financial sharpers. And yet people say there's no money get-rich-quick schemes!

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for Horses and Cattle

HAY \$12.50 to \$15.00
GREEN FEED \$12.50 to \$14.00
Order before snow is gone and roads in the north are bad.

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A BALLOON DANCE

WILL BE GIVEN BY THE

93rd BATTERY, C.F.A.,

At the New Armories, Macleod

TUESDAY, FEB'Y 21, 1922

The Armories dancing floor has been enlarged sixteen feet in length which will afford ample room for dancing.

SUPPER WILL BE SERVED

Music by the K-K Orchestra

ADMISSION: Gentlemen \$1.00 Ladies \$1.00



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LATEST EDISON, COLUMBIA
AND APEX RECORDS
AT ALL TIMES

R. W. RUSSELL

The Rhyming Optimist

(By Aline Michaelis)

Don't Tell All You Know.

Oh, it's fine to go about like a fairy prince, aiding those who pause and doubt, spouting helpful hints! Telling artists how to draw, teachers how to teach, aiding lawyers with their law, bishops when they preach. How I envy clever folks telling clever tales, with their clever little jokes lightening all our ills; folks upon whose ready lip witticisms flow; if they'd only heed this tip: Don't tell all you know!